MORNING HERALD.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN THE OIL REGIONS.

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Titusville Morning Herald.

BY

...OSS BROS. & COGSWELL.

...OSS, H. C. BLESS, J. H. COGSWELL.

...:—To Mail Subscribers, per year, $10. By carrier 25 cents per week.

...TROLEUM REPORTER

[WEEKLY.]

$2 50 Per Year in Advance.

...e Best Advertising Medium in the Oil Regions.

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Manufacturers and dealers in

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CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION.

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$50,000 STOCK!

JAMESTOWN STORE.

W. S. WINSOR

...as removed to his

NEW BRICK STORE, NO. 9,

SPRING STREET,

...ere he has opened one of the

LARGEST AND BEST STOCKS

of

...RY GOODS, CROCKERY,

GROCERIES, &c., &c.,

Ever offered in

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CALL AND SEE.

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TIBBITS, CHAPPELL

& MIDDLETON,

Merchant Tailors,

...SPRING ST., FOUR DOORS FROM POST OFFICE,

FINE CUSTOM CLOTHING.

MADE TO ORDER.

FINE CUSTOM CLOTHING,
FINE CUSTOM CLOTHING,
FINE CUSTOM CLOTHING,

MADE TO ORDER.
MADE TO ORDER.
MADE TO ORDER.

...IRST CLASS CUTTER.
FIRST CLASS CUTTER.
FIRST CLASS CUTTER.

...BEST CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS.

TIBBITS, CHAPPELL & MIDDLETON.

No. 11, W. Spring street, under Corinthian Hall.

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LIFE, FIRE,

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Policies issued and Losses promptly paid for the following companies in

TITUSVILLE, CORRY, AND

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TRAVELERS INSURANCE CO.
of Hartford,
Capital, - - - - $500,000

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Hartford,
Capital, - - - - $1,500,000

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Of Hartford,
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Of Philadelphia,
Capital, - - - - $250,000

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Of New York,
Capital, - - - - $500,000

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of New York,
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Insurance Agent and Broker

FOR N. Y. CITY AND HARTFORD CO'S.

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Capital and Assets: - - - - - $1,246,000.

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For Insuring Against

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Titusville Morning Herald.

The Centre of all Creation Discovered.

One of the early mayors of the small city of Madison, Wis., officially described that place as the railroad centre of the United States,—the point to which all travel would converge, where the traveling millions would stay over night, and from which those who were senseless enough to go away at all, would take their departure in the morning. This was considered a wonderful discovery, and the enthusiastic individual who made it was pronounced a wonderful man. But it seems after all either that he was mistaken, or else the traveling millions have taken a turn and left Madison out in the cold. For the first Governor of the State of Colorado, William Gilpin by name, has discovered, and in his message officially promulgated the fact, that four marching columns of people from the four quarters of the globe are converging, or shortly will converge upon Colorado. He says:

"Having a highly developed and wealthy population of eight millions within the State of Colorado, there will be the convergent point of three great railways, coming from the cities of San Francisco, Mexico and New York. Being on the straight line from Asia to Europe, and exactly equidistant between them, from thence will branch the connections with the people who inhabit the Southern prolongations of the American continent. These railroads will consequently unite, by the shortest space, the whole population of the globe, and will become the lines of travel for the whole human race."

And he continues:

"The steady advance upon us of the progressive movements of population is remarkable.—The broad column advancing from the east presses upon the Cordilleras with a weight of thirty millions of people. Another column from the Pacific advances through California, Nevada and Utah. Through Montana comes a column from the North. The Mexican column, ascending from the South, enters upon the Parks and Mesas. Thus, upon Colorado as a center, four marching columns converge, perpetually increasing in number, force and energy, and perpetually condensing."

But this is by no means all. The "confluent multitude" will not only march upon Colorado, but Colorado will, without inconvenience, contain and retain it. For, says Gilpin:

"The aggregate population of North America, by which we are begirt, is fifty millions. Our State is fitted to receive, and is ample in area, for this confluent multitude. This short transit line reaching the seas at San Francisco and New York, prolongs itself to Asia on the one hand, and Europe on the other.

We may all as well prepare to be moving.

Another Material for Paper.

The London *Economist* notices as follows the discovery of a substance which threatens to rival cotton and rags in the manufacture of paper:

The important position which the lately discovered article of petroleum has rapidly taken in commerce is very interesting in itself, as suggesting how quickly the discovery of any new principal of motion would revolutionize important industries on the present state of our industry.—Another discovery has lately been made, which though of less importance than that of petroleum, is still so interesting in character, and so useful as regards an important article of manufacture, that we think our readers will be glad to receive the following information on the subject:

We alluded to the discovery lately made of the applicability of the Alocha, or, as it is called in Spain, "esparto," to the manufacture of paper. Lloyd, of the Walthamstow Paper Mills, is stated to have had a great share in the merit of this discovery, and Mr. Mark, the British Consul at Malaga, has drawn up an interesting report on this subject, which has lately been made public in the commercial reports. The grass is the produce of waste lands—it requires no expense in cultivation and little in collecting. It is best propagated from the roots and not from seed. It is perennial and propagates of itself, and improves of a regularly yearly gathering if plucked with sufficient care. Mr Mark has devoted great care in his endeavors to ascertain the climate and soil which are favorable to the development of the plant; and it appears that the Alocha requires a decidedly hot and dry climate; that it grows equally well in the plains and in the mountains to a moderate elevation, and that as regards soil it flourishes both in calcareous and a siliceous soils, or when these soils are blended in the form of marled.

The greatest quantity is shipped from the provinces of Almeria and Murcia; but it is found, though in less abundance, in all the southern provinces of Spain. It is also said to be plentiful in some parts of the opposite coast of Africa, and shipments are made from Oran to England. Prior to the discovery of its being available for the manufacture of paper, the esparto had been used in Spain as fuel in the manufacture of ropes for binding and rigging, and for making baskets and matting. But the discovery of the valuable properties of the grass has made a complete revolution in the districts where it grows. Fortunes have been realized by individuals who were the proprietors of the land which produces it. The price has more than doubled, and is now estimated by Mr. Mark at £4 2s. per English ton on board. The greater part of the exports have as yet been directed to England, where in the brief space of three or four years the article has become a requisite of the highest importance, 160,000 tons being annually sold, imported into England in that period; and Mr. Mark estimates the present rate of annual export at 50,000 tons. Mr. Mark estimates that even at its present enhanced price the Spanish grass will take a place with cotton, hemp and wood, as one of the staple and essential bases of manufacturing industry; and if this anticipation should be realized, in addition to the valuable resource which it seems likely to prove to our paper manufactures, it will form an important element in trade between this country and Spain.

The Heart and Brain.

For the purpose of showing that the heart could continue to beat in the absence of a brain, Brodie employed artificial respiration on animals who had been decapitated, or whose brain had by other means been destroyed. By the regular action of a pair of bellows attached to a tube introduced into the windpipe, air could be driven in and out of the chest in a way simulating ordinary respiration. When this was done, the heart continued to beat, the muscles of the limbs and trunk to contract, when stimulated, the blood to be changed from a venous to an arterial color in its passage through the lungs; in fact except there was no consciousness, no voluntary movement, and apparently sensation, the animal machine seemed to be performing the same functions as during life. According to the theory of Black, the respiration, the change of the blood from a venous to arterial character in the lungs, being in such a case still carried on, animal heat ought also to have been generated, and, consequently, the insufflated corpse ought to have maintained its natural temperature as long as artificial respiration was continued.

Brodie, however, found that it gradually but persistently became cooler. Nay, more, when two rabbits of the same size, breed and color were killed, and the one left untouched, while the other was insufflated, the latter always cooled the most rapidly, far the obvious reason that in its case a certain amount of cool air was at frequent intervals brought into contact with the warm interior of the animal. He moreover obtained the same results when he refrained from mechanically destroying the brain, and merely suspended its action by a narcotic poison; and, with the help of Brande, demonstrated that notwithstanding did the blood appear to the eye to undergo in the lungs the usual change from the venous to the arterial condition, let it be that the amount of carbonic acid given off by the animal during the artificial respiration, to no extent differed from that proper to life and health. He drew from his experiments the conclusion that animal health was in no direct way connected with respiration; that by respiration no the afterwards changed the "no" for "little") heat was generated, but the sole condition and source of the elevated temperature of warm-blooded creatures was the integrity and functional activity of the brain and nervous system.

The Mercantile Marine.

LETTER FROM SECRETARY M'CULLOCH.

The following communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, addressed to Speaker Colfax, was laid before the House of Representatives yesterday:

Sir: By a resolution adopted in the House of Representatives, February 23, 1865, I am directed to communicate at the present session facts and information concerning the decrease of the mercantile marine, and to suggest such remedial legislation as I may deem expedient. Appended to the resolution is a communication from Mr. Easton, United States Consul at Cork, presenting an outline of a plan to encourage and stimulate the building of ships, in which he assumes the loss of our commercial marine in the past five years to be four millions of tons, the total American tonnage being stated in round numbers at five millions before the war.

It is, however, ascertained, by diligent inquiry, that shipping to the amount of but 901,166 tons has actually disappeared from our lists, from all causes; 500,303 tons transferred to foreign owners, and 110,161 tons destroyed by pirates—being less than one-fifth instead of four-fifths.

In addition to the resolution above mentioned, I have likewise received the copy of another, instructing the Committee of Commerce of the House to inquire into the expediency of so amending the registry laws of the United States as to admit of the registry of any vessel actually owned by a citizen of the United States, without reference to the place of construction. I have the honor, therefore, to submit an expression of my views on the subject.

The existing laws exclude from the privileges of the American flag all foreign built vessels and the vessels of domestic build, which, having once documented under the laws, are transferred to foreign ownership. This policy of exclusion has been uniformly adhered to since the first establishment of our commercial system, and no general law has at any time prevailed at variance with it, except the act of December 31, 1852, which permits, under certain conditions, the registry of foreign-built vessels wrecked in the waters of the United States.

The prohibition, so far as it relates to vessels of foreign build, rests upon the second section of the Navigation act of December 31, 1792, and is calculated to encourage and cherish shipbuilding, which has been regarded as vital to our commercial prosperity. And whatever opinion may be entertained as to the propriety of an eventual relaxation of the stringency of the laws, I do not regard the present as an auspicious moment in which to make the experiment, involving, as it would, so radical a change in the established policy of the government. The act of June 22, 1797, forbidding the registry of vessels built and registered in the United States, and subsequently transferred to a foreigner, rests upon a different, but quite as cogent reason, viz: the facilities that a privilege of unrestricted transfer would afford for the perpetuation of frauds and the evasion of the navigation laws.

"During the late war the transfer in many cases, it is believed, fictitious and in violation of American bottoms to a foreign flag, was a favorite expedient by which to escape the payment of war rates of insurance and avoid the risks of capture. Upwards of eight hundred thousand tons of shipping have thus disappeared from our records; for a large portion of which the owners are now obtaining readmission when the risks of war are no longer imminent and the privileges of an American registry are again appreciated. Thus transferred their vessels with a full knowledge of the sacrifice they incurred, regarding it must be supposed, the temporary security from losses an equivalent for it; and I should be unwilling to advise, in their behalf, any relaxation of the vigor of the law. Neither do I, on the other hand, recommend any additional encouragement of shipbuilding by allowance of drawbacks; and otherwise enjoying as they do an absolute protection from foreign competition, I cannot conceive that our domestic shipbuilders require any further stimulus or more extended privileges.

I am, sir, very respectfully,

H. McCulloch,
Secretary of Treasury.

America Jubilant.

The Americans are a lively people to day. Their work is so far done, that they can afford to enjoy themselves and look upon national sports with kindling eyes, rather than the cold disdain that chilled the social sympathies of sister nations. Not many years since a company of men marching through our streets in knight uniforms were regarded as simply deluded fools, and a sober citizen considered it waste of time to wait a moment till they passed. In London, Paris, Vienna, or any important foreign city, those very men would have been recognized as sworn soldiers, prepared for service to their country in any emergency. The first shot at Sumpter brought that conviction home. The musket, locked his counting-house, the merchant dropped his rule, and men of all professions crowded to the armories, no longer "play-soldiers," to be enlisted in the ranks of trained men. The "National Guards," "Philadelphia Greys," and all our organized military bodies immediately became heroes, and the boast of our city. West Point graduates, "kid-glove militia," suddenly grew to the dignity of leaders of the people, and to-day they rank with the generals of the world! Government was powerless to clothe and feed its hydra-headed infant army. What then? Union sewing circles; Union refreshment saloons; Union hospitals, churches, churches, everything in union and for the Union. Money was needed. What then? Theatrical benefits, amateur concerts, readings, Union fairs, Union balls, dramatic exhibitions, boat races, ball matches, games of every description brought into use for the nation.

The enthusiasm of our people knew no bounds, and as money poured into the Union treasury, "all the world wondered." And where are we to-day? Proud citizens of our own land, under "our own vine and fig tree," with none to make us afraid.

We are at peace, our Mother,
Columbia with thee,
At peace with thee, our Father,
Great God of Liberty

The social qualities developed, and the habits formed by our people during the war, will never be lost. The Americans once convinced of the practicability of a thing, never lose their appreciation of it. And as the seasons come round, skating parks, gymnasiums, swimming schools, dancing assemblies, baseball and cricket clubs, operas, theatres, concerts, lectures, art exhibitions, in short, amusement will receive considerable attention, and in time we will show all nations, that our bitter experience, the only school-teacher of America, has taught us in this respect as in every other, that we only need time to make ourselves perfect in the art of recreation.

Even now the reproaches of our German and French citizens have ceased, and parents and children, husbands and wives, sisters and brothers need not separate for social enjoyment.—Wherever it is possible, they are equal participants in amusement, and where the sport is exclusively masculine, great care is taken for the accommodation of female audiences. Hurrah for Young and Old America!—*Com. List and Price Current.*

News Items.

—Arthur is a real Union boy, but not at all religiously inclined, so that his mamma often has great difficulty in getting him to pray understandingly. One evening after much persuasion he knelt down and repeated his usual prayer, but said:

"Now I lay me down to sleep, shouting the battle cry of freedom."

—A shrewd preacher, after an eloquent charity sermon, said to his hearers: "I am afraid, from the sympathy displayed in your countenances, that some of you may give too much. I caution you, therefore, that you should be just before you are generous; and wish you to understand that I desire no one who can not pay his debts to put anything in the plate." The collection was a rare one.

—A prominent bachelor politician on the Kennebeck, remark to a lady that soap stone was excellent to keep the feet warm in bed. "Yes," said the young lady, who had been an attentive listener, "but some gentlemen have an improvement on that, which you know nothing about." The bachelor turned pale and maintained a wistful silence.

—Miss Tomkins says that every unmarried lady of sixty may consider that she has passed the Cape of Good Hope.

J. J. McCRUM,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

HARNESS,

Saddles, Bridles, Trunks, Traveling Bags, Whips,

LEATHER BELTING, &c.

Purchasing directly from first hands, saving a Jobber's profit, we are thereby enabled to sell as low as any Eastern Jobbing House.

SPRING STREET,

Four Doors East of Petroleum Bank,

TITUSVILLE, PA.

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AGENT FOR THE

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE CO,

ROYAL

INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Liverpool,

INTERNATIONAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

of New York,

MUTUAL LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY

of New York.

WIDOW'S AND ORPHAN'S BENEFIT

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of New York

UNIVERSAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Of New York,

CHARTER OAK

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

of Hartford, Conn,

Risks affected in other First class Companies.

N. B.—Oil Refineries and Oil Insured.

Office in E. H. Eddy & Co's. Hardware Store, Diamond Street, Titusville.

LIFE, FIRE,

AND

ACCIDENTAL INSURANCE

Mills & Wrigley,

AGENTS,

No. 2, 2nd Floor, Fletcher's Block.

Representing of the best and most responsible Companies in

NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA,

have this day formed a copartnership, and are prepared to Take Risks and make the same Binding in the following named companies:

METROPOLITAN,

OF NEW YORK,

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....$1,400,000

KENSINGTON OF PHILA.

CAPITAL.....$344,927,78

EXCELSIOR ACCIDENT COMPANY

OF THE WORLD,

PROVIDENT LIFE INSURANCE AND INVESTMENT COMPANY,

Chicago Ill.

CASH CAPITAL.....$1,000,000

Insures against all Accidents.

CHARTER OAK LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

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CAPITAL.....$200,000

The above companies well and favorably known as among the safest and soundest in the Union, are prepared to insure against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE

ON PUBLIC AND PRIVATE BUILDINGS,

Either permanently or for a limited time. Also on

FURNITURE, STOCKS OF GOODS AND MERCHANDISE GENERALLY,

On the cheapest and most liberal terms.

Also Insurance on LIFE, and against

GENERAL OR SPECIAL ACCIDENTS.

Losses or damage by fire, or in case of death, will be promptly adjusted and promptly paid. Applications for

EXTRA HAZARDOUS RISKS

Such as

OIL TANKS, WELLS AND REFINERIES,

may be made to the subscribers, who will submit them to such companies as take this class of risks, and procure insurance on the most favorable terms, making the risk binding if desired, pending the delay of the mail.

Government Securities bought on the most liberal terms, payable in cash or drafts on New York.

EDWARD MILLS,
WILLIAM WRIGLEY,

Office up stairs No. 2, Fletcher's Block.

500 BUSHELS ONIONS

For sale at D. C. Clark's HEADQUARTERS, corner Spring and Monroe streets. 3d14

A. H. KROM & CO.,

MECHANIC STREET NEAR R. R. DEPOT,

TITUSVILLE, PA.

WHOLESALE

GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, LIME, &C.

We invite the attention of Dealers and Hotel keepers to our

LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES,

selected with great care, one of the firm being constantly in New York and the West making purchases.

We flatter ourselves that we can offer to those wanting goods in our line, sufficient inducements to lead them to purchase here in preference to another market.

Please call and examine. aug29dly

G. FRANK & CO.

KELLOGG'S BUILDING,

SPRING ST., OPPOSITE AMERICAN HOTEL

DRY GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS, DRESS GOODS,
FURS, DOMESTIC GOODS,
HATS, AND CAPS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

&c.

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

We are offering at greatly Reduced Prices, everything connected with the various lines of goods above mentioned, and we respectfully ask a share of the trade, feeling confident we can give entire satisfaction. Remember the place.

KELLOGG'S NEW BRICK BUILDING,
Opposite American Hotel, Spring Street, Titusville.

G. FRANK & CO.

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McMULLEN & BRYAN

MACHINISTS, IRON FOUNDERS, FORGERS,

Manufacturers of

ENGINES, DRILLING TOOLS, CIRCULAR, MULLAY, AND SASH SAW MILLS.

We have made since 1862 over

1,000 SETTS OF DRILLING TOOLS, AND 1,500 SETTS OF JARS.

During the past two months we have made such improvements in this department that we can turn out a

Better sett of Tools

than any other establishment.

PUMPING RIGS, WALKING BEAM IRONS, PLOWS,

Casing for Oil Wells,

Cleveland PIPE-PIPE, LAPWELDED TUBING, CARVER'S PATENT PUMP, and other styles.

STUFFING BOXES, CLAMPS, SWIVELS, TONGS, BRASS AND GAS FITTINGS,

and Machinery of all kinds constantly on hand.

NOTE. We have at our Foundry the different kinds of Tubing, UNDERTAKE, to determine the Pressure they will Stand. Call and examine.

McMULLEN & BRYAN.

Titusville and Pithole City, Jan. 1, 1866. Jan1y1.

F. HALE. W. SILLIMAN.

HALE, SILLIMAN & CO.

EMPIRE COAL AND LUMBER YARD.

COAL.

Yard and office on Water street, near the Railroad.

ANTHRACITE, (any size.)
BITUMINOUS,
SNOW SHOE,

We want our customers and the public generally to understand that we

ARE NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD.

Orders left at the Post Office will receive prompt attention. Post Office Box 26.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware,

NAILS, IRON, STEEL, ROPE, BELTING BELLOWS, &c.

Which we are prepared to sell at the lowest cash prices. Our facilities for purchasing are such that we flatter ourselves we can offer better inducements than you can get elsewhere. Call and examine our stock before making your purchases.

Corner of Pine and Franklin streets,

TITUSVILLE, PA.

FURNITURE WAREROOM.

F. W. PAGE,

Titusville, Pa., now open on Spring Street, between Perry and Monroe,

where may be found one of the

FINEST AND LARGEST STOCKS OF

FURNITURE

WEST OF NEW YORK CITY!

To the citizens of Titusville and surrounding towns I would respectfully ask you to call and examine my stock before going to other cities to purchase. I have the goods and can please you and the price will be as low as in any eastern market, adding freight.

I will not enumerate articles, but my stock will embrace everything in the

FURNITURE LINE,

including Mattresses and Bedding. If you want good goods call at F. W. PAGE'S.

novl3d3m A. C. HART, Agent.

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HAVE JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE SUPPLY OF

SANFORD'S

Challenge Heaters,

PORTABLE FURNACES

AND

FURNACES TO SET IN BRICK.

They have also a complete stock of

Cook and Parlor Stoves of Every Description.

IN GOOD'S NEW BLOCK,

Franklin Street, Titusville, Pa

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware.

Call and examine for yourselves. Our motto is "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

EZRA CLARK A. R. BROWN

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RICH FURS, HATS, CAPS,

AND

Furnishing Goods.

L. A. SIRRET

Has removed to the

NEW AND SPACIOUS STORE ON SPRING ST

Adjoining the Post Office, where he has opened a large and elegant Stock of Goods.

In FURS you will find an assortment which, for richness and variety, cannot be excelled by any retail store in New York, consisting of the following goods in Sets or Single Articles:

DARK HUDSON BAY SABLE,
FINE DARK MINK,
ROYAL ERMINE,
SIBERIAN SQUIRREL,
RUSSIAN AND HUNGARIAN STOCK
RIVER MINK,
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ALSO

CHILDREN'S FURS

in abundance, Ladies' CLOTH and FUR

GLOVES, lined and unlined

KIDS, Buffalo, Wolf, Fox, and Bear Robes, Fancy Robes and

TRAVELING BLANKETS

In GENTLEMEN'S FURS:

GLOVES AND FURNISHING GOODS in one lining formed in his Fur Department.

FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY

The HAT & CAP DEPARTMENT

Will always be found with the latest styles.

OLD, RIDDLE AND SIEVE.

L. A. SIRRET,

Spring Street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

IGHT, ARCHER & CO

$100,000

STOCK OF

Groceries & Provisions

at the

WEST MARKET RATES.

HAIGHT, ARCHER & CO.

ing street, Opposite Crittenden Hall.

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ASSORTMENT OF CHOICE

ANNED FRUITS,

OYSTERS AND JELLIES,

LACK AND GREEN TEAS

of the

BEST QUALITY,

AT NEW YORK PRICES.

look through our LARGE and SPACIOUS store taining the LARGEST and BEST Stock of

ROCERIES, GRAIN, PROVISIONS,

QUORS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.,

Western Pennsylvania, which will be sold cheaper an by any house in Titusville,

JUST RECEIVED

$50,000,

worth of

CHOICE LIQUORS,

AT

WHOLESALE.

LE AGENTS FOR TWO CELEBRATED

BRANDS OF

WHISKIES,

AND

Hubbel's

GOLDEN BITTERS,

Twenty per cent. lower than any other house in

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

OLD BRANDIES,

Gin and Wines.

We have just added to our extensive Grocery House

A LIQUOR DEPARTMENT

For the accommodation of our customers, where they can

SELF ON GETTING A GOOD ARTICLE,

upon what they purchase can save

ALL TWENTY PER CENT.

TERMS, CASH

HAIGHT, ARCHER & CO.

SOLE AGENTS FOR HUBBELL'S GOLDEN BITTERS, Titusville, Pa. dec11tf

JAMES A. BLISS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

GROCER,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

First Floor of Bliss's Opera House,

I shall now opening

THE LARGEST

AND

MOST COMPLETE

STOCK OF GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

WHILE I INTEND TO GIVE

WHOLESALING

PARTICULAR ATTENTION,

I shall also furnish

GOODS BY RETAIL,

AS LOW AS ANY HOUSE

West of New York.

Anything kept in the RETAIL GROCERY line can always be found at my House.

Jan1tf J. A. BLISS.

GEO. B. REED & CO.,

DEALERS IN

OIL LANDS, WELL INTERESTS, LEASES, &c.

ALSO

COAL, MINERAL,

AND

Timber Lands,

Through the United States and Canadas.

For Sale on the most advantageous terms.

Several Leases, and Interests in Fee

FOR SALE CHEAP on all the Prominent Streams

Great Care taken in Selecting Lands for Companies.

Charters procured and Companies Organized when desired.

Having great facilities for purchasing, we offer extra inducements to parties desiring to invest. Good Real Estate taken in part payment of lands, or oil interests if desired.

FOR SALE.

A LARGE AND COMMODIOUS HOUSE,

together with

Large Barn and Three Lots,

200x300 feet, on Franklin Street. This property is well located and will be sold on reasonable terms or exchanged for Good Real Estate in Eastern cities.

Call or Address

GEORGE B. REED & CO.,

Fletcher's Block, Titusville, Penn

GEO. B. REED.

H. N. BLAIR. jan1tf

COAL! COAL! COAL!

ORDERS FOR COAL OF ALL QUALITIES filled at most

REASONABLE RATES,

BY

A. R. WILLIAMS.

OFFICE SECOND FLOOR WAITE'S BLOCK,

Adjoining Board of Trade.

jan18tim

PITHOLE CITY TOOL WORKS.

First Street, near U. S. Well,

PITHOLE CITY, PA.

DRILLING TOOLS

VALVE SOCKETS,

GRABS, &c

Constantly on hand. PETRIKIN & CO. oct19tf

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

BY THE WESTERN UNION LINE.

VERY LATEST NEWS.

SEIZURE OF A CHILIAN PRIVATEER.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

TRIAL OF ONE OF THE OTERO MURDERERS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.

A merchant vessel, alleged to be intended for the Chilian service against Spain, cleared at this port to-day. The clearance was granted after a full investigation. The representatives of the Spanish Government here furnished no evidence whatever against the vessel. She had no arms or other war material on board, and under our revenue laws could not be detained. After the clearance was granted, the vessel was seized upon Spanish representations. She is now held under the authority of one of the United States officers in the city.

Wall street is stagnant, and the prevailing prices almost suspends legitimate business in several departments of industrial pursuits. Until our policy becomes more close, there is little prospect of much improvement.

The local market is easy at 5 per cent. We hear of call loans at 6, but there is always something in the currency sources of the loan.

Commercial paper is dull at 7@10 per cent., with much less demand.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.

The Supreme Court of the United States has delivered an opinion in the case of the late ship Admiral, a British ship, with a cargo of salt and coal, which was captured by the United States steamer Alabama, Dec. 18, 1861, taken to Philadelphia and there libeled as a prize, asserting that the vessel was liable to condemnation. The Supreme Court has affirmed the decree of condemnation, sustaining the position of the government.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.

Hon. Asahel Thompson, Presiding Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and one of Philadelphia's most brilliant lawyers, died this morning from a second stroke of paralysis, which happened a few days since. The Court adjourned at once on the announcement of his death.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22

A vessel bearing the Irish flag, and supposed to be intended for a privateer, left this port yesterday morning under command of Capt. Morley. We may soon expect to hear of depredations on British commerce.

LATER.—It appears that the supposed Fenian privateer was simply a new pilot boat which went on a trial trip. The crew being composed of Irishmen, they hoisted the Sunburst going down the Bay. The vessel returned last evening.

The Commercial has further particulars regarding the outfit of the supposed Chilian privateer. Yesterday a clearance for a sailing propeller was applied for at the Custom House, and after a careful investigation of the case by Surveyor Wakeman the clearance was granted. The vessel was about leaving port to-day, when she was seized by the U. S. Marshal under an order from Judge Betts, which was grounded on representations made by the Spanish Consul, who stated that the vessel was going to sea to enter into the service of Chili against Spain. She had no arms on board, but was well manned and was in a proper condition to receive a full complement of war like materials. The vessel is the Meteor, which was built by Forbes, in Boston, for the purpose of chasing and capturing the pirate Alabama. She is a magnificent ship, about three hundred feet in length, and a perfect model in shape. Her crew consists principally of Americans or Canadians, and no doubt is entertained by those who ought to know that she was going to sea to receive at some place her armament for the Chilian service. The fact of her having received a clearance created much excitement among the Spanish houses down town, and the Spanish Consul showed by his prompt action in the matter that he really entertained serious fears of her hostile character. She is now in charge of the U. S. officers.

The trial of Francis Eugene Salvador, an accomplice in the Otero murder, was resumed this morning. The evidence was entirely for the prosecution.

UTICA, N. Y., Jan 22.

The immense engine of the Utica Steam Cotton Mills, of this city, fell to pieces this morning. Something was seen to be out of order with it, and while the engineer and Superintendent were examining it, the walking beam fell with a tremendous crash and made a complete wreck of of the engine. Its original cost was $30,000.

The effect of its fall will probably be to impede operations of the mill for the winter.

XXXIXth Congress—First Session.

HOUSE—Jan. 23.

Mr. Orth, of Ind., and Mr. Sloan, of Wisconsin, explained the amendments they desired to offer, separating taxation from representation and giving the latter on suffrage.

Mr. Brooks, of N. Y., made a few remarks and caused to be read a petition from Susan B. Anthony, asking that the right of suffrage be given to women.

Mr. Stevens asked Mr. Brooks if he was in favor of it.

Mr. Brooks replied that he was, if negroes were permitted to vote, as he preferred the colored and white women above the negroes.

This remark of Mr. Brooks was greeted with loud applause from the galleries, which the Speaker checked, saying that he would use the strongest means to preserve order, and either approbation or disapprobation would be alike censurable.

SENATE—Jan. 23.

Mr. Grimes, of Iowa, introduced a bill to amend the act for the relief of seamen and others on the books of vessels lost or wrecked at sea which allows compensation to officers of the Navy and Marine Corps for personal effects lost in action with the enemy, not to exceed one month's pay, provided that no loss prior to April, 1861, shall be paid. It also provides that the bounty paid to any seaman or marine enlisting in the army by a State or the United States, shall be deducted from his prize money.

Mr. Wilson, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported the bill introduced by him to restrict the expenses of collecting soldiers claims against the Government.

Mr. Sumner gave notice of the following amendment to be proposed to the bill for the admission of Colorado as a province:

Provided that this act shall not take effect except upon the fundamental condition that there shall be no denial of the elective franchise or any other rights on account of color or race, but all persons shall be equal before the law, and the Legislature of the State, by a solemn public assent shall declare the determination of the State to this fundamental condition and shall transmit to the President of the United States an authentic copy of such assent whenever the same shall be adopted, upon receipt whereof, he shall by proclamation announce the fact; whereupon, without any further proceedings on the part of Congress, this joint resolution shall take effect.

Mr. Dixon, of Conn., gave notice of an intended amendment to the sale of postage stamps and stamped envelopes on credit, as follows: That whenever it shall become expedient, in the opinion of the Postmaster General, to substitute a different kind of postage stamps for those now in use, he shall be and is hereby authorized to modify the existing contract for the manufacture of postage stamps, so as to allow the contractors a sum sufficient to cover the increased expense, if any, of manufacturing the stamps so substituted.

The amendment was ordered to be printed.

Mr. Ramsay, of Minn., offered a bill to provide for the appointment of a commissioner to erect or purchase a site for a post office at St. Paul.

The bill to enlarge the powers of the freedmen's bureau was called up.

Mr. Saulsbury said he had not intended when he came to the Senate this session to participate in the debates relating to slavery, but the Senator from Illinois (Trumbull) had said the other day that there was a necessity in Delaware for the operations of this Bureau, although the Freedmen's Bureau as originally established was only intended, according to its provision, to extend to the States in revolt. Yet we cannot shut our eyes to the fact that what an extensive Bureau it is bound to become. One thing we know, and that is that hundreds of thousands of the negro race have been supported out of the Treasury of the United States, and the white people of this country are taxed to pay that expense. For the first time in the history of the country has the thing occurred, that the great mass of the people have been taxed to support a idleness a class of people too lazy and too worthless to support themselves. Look around in these galleries at any time of the day and you will see the beneficiaries of this Bureau crowding them and listening to the debates of this body.

How many of the honest poor of the working white men of this country are there who can afford to come to the city of Washington and sit down day after day, week after week, and month after month, listening to your deliberations? They cannot afford to do it; but under the paternal care of this Freedmen's Bureau your galleries can be crowded every day with negroes listening to your deliberations, but do nothing to support themselves, and being supported out of the taxes levied upon the whole people of this country. The bill under consideration proposes to enlarge the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau. It does enlarge them wonderfully. I think I can demonstrate mathematically that this will give to the President of the United States and to those connected with the discharge of the duties of the Bureau, the power of spending at least two hundred and fifty million dollars.

Mr. Saulsbury then reviewed the different merits of the bill, alleging that it gave powers to a dangerous extent to the President, as well as increased immense expense upon the country. It provided for an agent of the Bureau in every county. There were 1,015 counties in the United States. In every one of these an agent at $1,800 a year would cost for 2,034,000, seventy two clerks or assistant commissioners at $1,200 a year would cost $86,400, and 5,212 clerks for agents in addition to all these, making a total for officers alone of $2,112,000. He believed that legislation of the character now under consideration would result in the division of the Democratic party and Demoralize the majorities in both Houses of Congress.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE—Jan. 19.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock to-day. The session was opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Robinson.

The Speaker said that a delegation of Corn Planter Indians desired to be heard in respect to certain claims held by the descendants of the Chief.

At the request of the Speaker Mr. Bigham briefly stated the object of their visit.

Messrs. Bigham and Hoge were appointed to conduct the speaker of the delegation to the chair.

In a brief speech, in which their claims were placed before the senate, they desired the Legislature to make a provision for defraying their expenses incurred while here, and also for the purpose of placing a tombstone at the head of their dead chief, Corn Planter.

Mr. Bigham moved that the subject be referred to the Committee on Claims. Agreed to.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Champneys presented a petition from Mary L. Dupont, a widow of a soldier of the war of 1812, praying for relief. Referred to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

Mr. Dunlap presented a petition of Jane Stewart, widow of Adam Wenner, a soldier of the war of 1812, praying for relief. Referred to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

Mr. Hopkins presented a petition from the citizens of West Brownsville, Washington county, asking for a change of the city of borough elections. Referred to the Committee on Election Districts.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

Mr. Worthington, from the Committee on Finance, reported, as committed, a bill entitled An act to exempt the Masonic Lodge of the borough of York, in the county of York, from taxation.

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. Hoge rose in place and presented to the Chair a bill entitled an act for the relief of Jane Wenner, the widow of an old soldier of the war of 1812. Referred to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

Mr. White, a bill entitled An act for the relief of Henry Lockard. Referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. James, a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Jordan gold and silver mining company. Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. Hopkins, a bill entitled An act relating to the election of burgesses in the borough of Washington.

On motion of Mr. Hopkins, the committee was discharged from the further consideration of the bill, and after the several readings the bill passed finally.

On motion of Mr. Connell, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Philadelphia and Arizona coloring company. After the several readings the bill passed finally.

On motion of Mr. Rowson, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of a bill entitled A supplement to an act entitled An act for the better management of the Allegheny county prison, and after the several readings the bill passed finally.

On motion of Mr. Graham, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Hon Franklin Insurance company of the city of Allegheny. After the several readings the bill passed finally.

Mr. Schall moved that the Senate proceed to the consideration of a bill entitled An act to incorporate the New York and California vineyard company. After the several readings the bill passed finally.

Mr. Lowry asked leave to present a report from the Committee on Claims, relative to the Indian delegation heard before Senate this morning. The report was read; and provided that, in consideration of the eminent services rendered by Corn Planter, the State Treasurer be instructed to pay the head of the delegation the sum of $300.

Mr. White said that before he voted for the passage of this bill, he wished to know some good reason for the appropriation.

Mr. Bigham briefly referred to the eminent services rendered by the chief, the outrages he had suffered at the hands of the whites, and recommended the passage of the bill.

Mr. Lowry said that in one respect Pennsylvania was far in advance of her sister States and the Government, and that was in their kindness to the red man, and asked that an appropriation of $300 be refused to the grand son of the illustrious chief, and thought that the sum in question was too small for the great State of Pennsylvania to appropriate for such an object.

Mr. Bigham moved to amend the bill by appropriating an additional five hundred dollars, to be placed in the hands of the Hon. Samuel F. Johnson, President Judge, for the purpose of erecting a suitable monument in memory of the chief and enclosing the grave.

The resolution, with the amendment offered by Mr. Bigham, was finally adopted.

The Senate then adjourned until Tuesday next, at 11 o'clock.

FURNITURE

WAREROOMS,

C. E. DREYEOUS & CO.

Franklin Street, 2d door from Spring Street, up stairs.

Rich Rosewood, Black Walnut and Mahogany. Parlor, Library and Dining Room Furniture, En Suite in Velvet, Hair, Brocatelle, Reps and Hair Cloth Tete-a Tetes, Sofas, Easy Chairs Voltaries, Rockers, Elizabethan, Sewing chairs Ottomans, Divans, Lounges and Footstools, Also Rosewood and Black Walnut, Carved and Marble Top Centre, Sofa and Card Tables, Etageres, Encoignures, Cabinet Sideboards, Secretaries, Bookcases, extension Tables &c.

BEDROOM FURNITURE

In Rosewood, Black Walnut and Enamelled, painted in sets. South American Horse Hair and Excelsior Mattresses.

PILLOWS, COMFORTERS, SHEETING, &c

Hotel, Saloon and Boarding House Furniture of every description, and at

LOWER PRICES

than ever offered in this market dec29

WELLS PUT DOWN.

Mechanics Oil Land Boring Company.

CAPITAL - - - - - $1,000,000.

TRUSTEES

C. C. Douglas, New York. M. Henry, President, Pa. Hamilton McClintock, McClintock Ills, Pa. E. E. Fiske, Oil City, Pa. John McLaren, New York. D. B. Burford, Oil City, Pa. Alton Hay, New York. W. H. Smith, New York. E. E. Allison, Oil City, Pa.

OFFICERS:

C. C. Douglas, President. E. E. Fiske, Vice President. W. H. Smith, Secretary and Treasurer. General Superintendent and Manager, Edward E. Fiske.

The Mechanics Oil Land Boring Company contracts to drill and test oil wells.

The Company Furnish Everything.

The Company supplies Engines, Tools, and all necessary fixtures. Terms most favorable for parties wishing to sink wells than ever offered to the public. Letters promptly attended to. The Company are prepared to

Commence Operations Immediately.

On continuation of agreements. For further particulars apply at my office, on Fletcher's Block, P. O. Box 364.

C. A. ALLISON,

Ware's Brick Block, Franklin street, Titusville, Pa. sep21dem

OIL INTERESTS

For Sale CHEAP on

PITHOLE CREEK!

First class oil investments in the

CHOICEST LOCATIONS

On Pithole Creek in

22 Wells now being put Down

by the undersigned, and all of them actually drilling and several above down and

READY TO TUBE AND TEST

as follows

Interests in 8 Wells on Lots No. 1, 2, 3, and 4.

Copeland Farm, adjoining the Thos. Holmden Farm and lying directly between the celebrated

GRANT WELL, now flowing 1,000 Barrels per day,

AND THE

Homestead Well.

Interests in 2 Wells on lot No. 57, Holmden Farm,

Only two lots or 16 rods from the celebrated well on lot 54, recently struck and now FLOWING

1500 bbls. per day.

INTERESTS IN FOURTEEN WELLS on lots No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 200, between No. FORTY NINE, 25 and 26 FLOWING WELL and Nos. ONE HUNDRED AND SIX and ONE HUNDRED AND SEVEN Pumping Wells on Holden Farm.

INTERESTS IN EIGHT WELLS, on lots No. 81, 82, 85, 90, 93, 97, 98 and 100. All within 20 and not to exceed 40 rods from the well known

United States Well.

The above interests are being closed out at low figures preparatory to the undersigned leaving for New York. For further information call at RICE'S OFFICE, opposite United States Co.'s Office, Pithole City, P. O. Box 467, or Burtis, Hart & Co.'s, Titusville, Pa.

GEORGE RICE.

Pithole City, Sept. 23d, 1865. sep23d3m

Transportation.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to execute orders for the transportation of goods to and from Pithole City or any part of the county.

Particular attention given to the moving of ENGINES, BOILERS AND ALL MACHINERY

Parties wishing to save time can forward their Railroad Receipts or Bills of Lading to us and as soon as the goods arrive at Titusville, we will take delivery of the same and forward them by our own teams with all possible dispatch to their destination. Address

CHARLES B. ELLIS & CO.

nov16dem P. O. Box 579, Titusville, Pa.

Photograph Gallery!

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, PORCELAIN, OR ALBATYPES, AND THE BEAUTIFUL GEMS OR FERREOTYPES, Furnished in two minutes after sitting, by

J. C. & H. V. GOETCHIUS,

CORNER SPRING AND FRANKLIN STREETS,

Opposite Duquesne House.

Copying and enlarging done with neatness and dispatch. A choice assortment of Albums and Frames always on hand.

Titusville, Crawford Co., Pa. jel7tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing between T. S. Dumars and John W. Fry, both of Greenville, Mercer Co., Pa., under the name and style of T. S. Dumars & Co., is this day dissolved, Mr. John W. Fry retiring.

All persons are cautioned against negotiating with said Fry on my account after this date.

T. S. DUMARS.

Titusville, Jan. 20, 1866. jan24dw1t

CAUTION.

All persons are cautioned against negotiating with Mr. John W. Fry, late of the firm of T. S. Dumars & Co., on our account, as we shall recognize no transactions made by him.

T. S. & F. MORRS & CO.

Titusville, Jan. 20, 1866. jan24dw1t

JAMES RICE,

AUCTIONEER, TITUSVILLE, PA.

FURNITURE BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Particular attention paid to the sale of Real Estate, Oil Lands and all kinds of personal property in the village or country. Store, Spring street, corner Moore Horse Alley. Sign of the RED FLAG. jan23

HENRY L. BLOSS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GROCERIES

AND PROVISIONS.

Flour, Pork, Salt, Fish, Grain, &c.

GROCERY HOUSE

ON SPRING, COR. OF PINE STREET, WAITE'S NEW BRICK BLOCK.

GRAIN AND FLOUR STORE

ON PINE ST., FIRST DOOR WEST OF POMEROY'S HOTEL.

Will not be Undersold by any Competing House.

N. B.—Refined and Lard Oils by the Barrel.

CARTER & ALEXANDER

New Store, New Goods

HATS, CAPS, GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS

AND

READY MADE

CLOTHING.

The Best Stock ever offered in this market.

Something New.

CONGRESS COAT FOR TEAMSTER

RUBBER GOODS.

Large Assortment of Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Arm Elastics, and Gent's Long and Short Hose.

Traveling Rugs, Very Handsome.

Hoping by strict attention to the wants of our customers to merit the patronage of the citizens of Titusville, we shall sell as low as any merchant in this place.

We Warrant all goods, and guarantee them to be made equal to custom work.

CARTER & ALEXANDER,

No. 2, FLETCHER'S BLOCK, Franklin Street

HUBBEL'S

GOLDEN BITTERS

WILL CURE

Dyspepsia, Debility, Intermittent Fever, Diahrœa, Scrofula, Gout, Gravel, Jaundice, Nervous Affections, Liver Complaint, Loss of Appetite, Heartburn, Billious Colic, Cholera Morbus Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, Sea Sickness, &c., &.

THEY CONTAIN NO POISONOUS DRUG.

PURELY VEGETABLE.

Hubbel's celebrated Golden Bitters are composed of Gentian Calmus Root, Wild Cherry Bark, Anise, Orange Peel, Cullaya Bark, Columbo, Bark of Sassafras Root, Sherry Wine, Butternut Bark, Caraway Seed, Yellow Dock, Dandelion, &c.

THE GREAT CURE FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE

Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

The sick and suffering have always felt the necessity for a safe and trustworthy medicine, free from calomel and other corrosive minerals, which, while acting gently and without producing nausea or pain, would so thoroughly cleanse, strengthen and regulate the internal organs as to enable them to perform their proper functions without a continual resort to medicinal aid.

It also fortifies the system against the evil effects of unwholesome water.

HUBBELL'S SUPERIOR

OLD CABINET BRANDY,

For Diarrhœa, Change of Water, Diet, &c

FOR SALE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Central Depot, American Express Building, 55, Hudson street, New York.

HAIGHT, ARCHER & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

SOLE AGENTS.

dec15tf

E. B. CHASE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Glassware, Crockery, Lamps, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Nails, Rope, Belting, Bellows, &c.

Will not be undersold by any dealer in this section. We purchase at the lowest rates, and sell at small profits. We invite the attention of the public to our assortment of goods, and promise satisfaction to all customers.

Corner of Franklin and Spring streets,

TITUSVILLE, PA.

Sept. 4

ATTENTION, EVERYBODY!

JUST RECEIVED AT

J. A. LOSEE'S

MAMMOTH

Clothing Store,

ON SPRING STREET, ONE DOOR BELOW THE JENKTOWN STORE,

THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED

Stock of

Fall and Winter Clothing,

HATS

CAPS,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

Ever brought to this market.

Also a Complete Assortment of

TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS, AND SATCHELS,

All of which will be sold at the lowest Cash Prices, and all goods warranted as represented.

Call early and secure good bargains.

J. A. LOSEE.

LAFAYETTE FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE SHOP.

JOHN GOOD

Successor to A. Good.

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

all kinds of

MACHINERY

FOR OIL WELLS,

DRIVING PIPE, DRILLING TOOLS, PUMP RIGGINGS,

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS, &c. CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

BRASS AND IRON COCKS of every description Repaired, and Brass Works of all kinds.

IRON COLUMNS AND WINDOW CAPS.

Repairing done at short notice.

SASH AND BLIND FACTORY

AND PLANING MILL.

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Window Frames, Glass, and ALL KINDS OF LUMBER.

Siding, Flooring, Planed Lumber Moulding and Batting of all descriptions.

Planing done to order. All work done at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

WOOD TURNING DONE TO ORDER.

A. GOOD.....Franklin Street.

AT COST! AT COST!

Card & Anderson

OFFER THEIR STOCK OF

LIQUORS

AT COST

REGARDLESS OF FREIGHT.

nov7ditf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Titusville Morning Herald.

Titusville, Wednesday, Jan. 24, 1866.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Agents for the Morning Herald.

Oil Creek Railroad—MICHAEL BRANNON
Pithole City—C. H. JONES & Co
Petroleum Center—BLACKMAN & NICHOLSON
" " J. McNRIGHT
Tarr Farm—A. L. HOTT, P. M.
Shaffer—MICHAEL BRANNON
Plum Hollow—D. B. WATSON, P. M.
Oleopolis—LEONARD & HURD.
" " G. W. BELL.
Corry—BANCLEY & PINKNEY

New Advertisements To-Day.

Groceries and Liquors—H. L. Hershberg
A Furnished Room Wanted.
Dissolution—Perwin & Harris
Corinthian Hall—Benefit to Benjamin Isaacs.
Bliss Opera House—W. A. Rouse

Advertising.

What a remarkable distinction there is between those tradesmen who advertise, and those who do not. The passer by in a business thoroughfare may safely assume that here and there, namely be accommodated, outsiders or low rents, as his wants demand—for he sees the signs of the several marts and occupations stream profusely and invitingly in the windows or on the walls. Very good advertisements they are, in their way, but A B and C D must not flatter themselves that all the world and the rest of mankind are continually passing by their shop windows, even in their greatest extremities. The fact is there is a very respectable minority, or majority, is the case may be—who sit in their quiet corners at home, and they look over the daily HERALDS, and they a certain who sells the cheapest, who asserts skillfully, who guarantees his wares, who delivers them gratis, and who has *the very article* which their necessities require—whether it be a piano, or bone glass or a cooking stove—and there they go. Experience has fully demonstrated that when a man, in a commercial community, has an thing to sell he must not keep the fact from the public. He must hold it up [illegible] with all its unmitigated and powerful illuminator the public press he must, paradoxically, light it up with ink, printer's ink, and he must do this not once, or twice, or three times, but persistently and systematically. There is much skill and tact, and often times is much boldness, to display in advertising, is in conducting the most extensive and difficult business transaction.

To advertise properly costs money, but it invariably repays the investment, a hundred fold. On will find many sensible men who will easily utter the paradox that they have often advertised and it has never benefited them in aught. They expect the public will walk into their stores and holding up their poor little advertisements invariably exclaim "Now you have candles fire me candles, you have fish I want you me fish horses! Lengthens! Lengthens!" The main object of advertising, is to impress the community with an intelligible idea of your name and business, and special occupation, so that if it ever see or hear the one it will instantaneously, impulsively, realize the other. Once this linked association of ideas established in the public mind—and only persistent liberal advertising will do it—you can then turn your efforts go into details dress up a column of groceries, or a half column of produce or a quarter column of dry goods, boots and shoes, or outer and under garments, or in fact, of goods, in fine, to fulfill the ideal of the scientific, the imaginative, or the generally well instructed reader.

You don't believe this, do you—young, young merchant? You don't know that farmers and country merchants, almost invariably, make their purchases at those stores whose advertisements appear conspicuously, and that the testimony of successful business men is, that their success chiefly attributable to the fact that they advertise their goods! To show that we are not speaking at random, we append certain testimonials, which confirm our own observations. They are copied, *verbatim*, from the publications which they originally appeared.

Advertise your business. Do not hide your light under a bushel. Write circular calling attention to it, it will receive support from the public, advertise it thoroughly and efficiently, in one shape or other, that will arrest public attention. Trade comes to that what success I have had in my life may be fairly attributed more to the public press than to any other cause whatsoever. Thus, most possibly, to occupations, I do not regard advertising but I cannot well write what they are.—[P. T. Barnum.

I have always considered advertising—liberally and long—to be the great medium to success in business, and the prelude to wealth. And I have de it as invariable rule, not to advertise in the dull time, a long experience having taught me that money thus spent is well invested, as by plan my business continually before the public has secured me many sales that I otherwise would have lost.—[Stephen Girard.

My motto through life has been—work and advertise. In business, Advertising is the true philosopher's stone, and turns whatever it touches to gold. I have advertised much both in the dull as well as daily papers, not have I found in those of the largest circulation—of other—benefit as the most.—[John Jacob Astor.

Advertise! Advertise! Advertise! This is life of trade, and standing advertisements it will find, will prove the most remunerative. At least, I have found it so during my business career. I do for should you wish to advertise, but a single week during the year in which the customer is not advertise ten to one that would in time when some would be new customer. I look into the paper for your business notices and not finding it, you will lose several profitable sales.—[William Gray.

Whatever success I may have had in business, owes mainly to continuous advertising, and I am in good policy to advertise long in the newspapers. From A close observation, I am fully convinced that it is impossible to make much headway in any branch of commerce without the utilities which the press alone can give.—[Jacob Tag way.

I would be superfluous to add anything to this array of testimony, and we only trust that "the proof of the pudding is in the eating," and not without profit to those of our fellow creatures.

Oil Creek Railroad.

We have before us the report of the Oil Creek Railroad, showing the business of that railroad during the past year. The statement shows an increase in gross earnings of nearly eighty seven per cent over the preceding year, the business of great six months being more than $150,000 in excess of the total business of 1864.

The following comparison of the business of the two half years of 1865:

	6 mo's ending July 3, 1865	6 mo's ending Jan 1, 1866	Total
Freight Receipts,	$269,471 05	$505,715 26	$775,186 31
Passenger do	158,964	101,808	260,772
Express Oil,	219,673	474,947	694,620
Total Earnings	$575,708 38	$1,082,470 38	$1,658,178 76

This, it will be seen, the earnings of the last six months of the year were more than double those of the preceding six months. The percentage of expenses to earnings was but 49.24 in the last half of the year to 64.36 in the first half.

SHARP PRACTICE.—The Philadelphia *Ledger* says: "It seems that some dealer in Erie oil recently put orders in the hands of different brokers both seller and buyer. The stock sold at from three to four dollars per share. He put one thousand dollars as a margin into the hands of the buyers to buy on time, and left with the seller the oil for cash. Thus, on the one thousand dollars margin, the buying broker was paying to his principal, through his selling broker, cash for his stock, but when the time expired, the buyer's principal did not appear to take up his purchase, and the stock is reported to be of little or no value. Two or three well known brokers have suffered from this default, or swindle, or whatever it may be, several thousand dollars."

THE INVESTIGATION.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF SAFETY.

DISREPUTABLES SMOKED OUT.

Wholesale Expulsion of Pimps, Harlots & Blacklegs.

Grand Day Light Procession.

A Thorough Moral Purgation.

For two days past the public mind has been absorbed in the events of Sunday night, and looking with great impatience for the results of the investigation authorized by the Citizens' Meeting in the appointment of a Committee of Safety.

All sorts of rumors have had circulation, but nothing was positively known of the action of the Committee until yesterday noon, when a number of disreputable characters who had been held in custody since the fire, were marched in double file from the lock up to the Committee Room, and after receiving sentence of expulsion from the town, were placed under guard and escorted beyond by a procession of several hundred citizens to the depot, started for Corry, notifying them of the character of their involuntary guests, and warning them to "forward them on" to their homes. The names of the parties expelled are included in the report of the Committee, presented below. It will be seen that "Stonehouse Jack" and his crew, who have so long been a terror to the citizens of Shiloh, are among the number. According to their own admissions, they were professional gamblers, and no doubt rightly deserve the fate; but they were guilty of the specific charge of incendiarism, and we commend the moderation of the Committee in simply banishing them from our midst. That they were duly penitent for their misdeeds, and thankful for their escape from the wrath of an outraged public, was sufficiently evinced by their behavior, and if their deportment is any criterion, they will never trust their precious carcasses within the limits of the oil region again.

Another class of individuals to whom the committee have devoted attention are the bullies and bruisers who sub ist upon the earnings of the degraded wretches who fill the brothels of the town. Everybody will rejoice at the determination of the Committee to make a thorough and effectual sweep of the entire gang. In our judgment there is no vice which in extention than he who becoming the tool of man becomes the *utpen diary of a prostitute*. Clean them out.

There is no doubt whatever that the Committee have imbibed in the minds the wishes and expectations of the people at large. Let them complete their work and society will be effectually purged of the filthy dregs which have so long stained the reputation and imperiled the safety of the community. And every friend of law and order will sanction and endorse their proceedings.

REPORT

To the Citizens of Titusville

The Committee of Safety appointed by the Citizens Meeting, at the Board of Trade Room, on Monday, Jan 22, 1866 to investigate the causes of the incendiary fires on the preceding Sunday night, respectfully report

That they have made a patient, studious and thorough investigation. That to this end they caused the arrest of a number of suspected parties, and subjected them to a searching inquiry and examination. That among these were Robert Vance, *alias* Stonehouse Jack, George Robinson, Henry Vandenburg, Wm. P. Ogden and James McKinney, all of Buffalo, and Charles McKinney, *alias* Gleason, of Dunkirk. That from the nature of the evidence elicited upon these examinations, the Committee would have been unwarranted in holding these parties account ble for those fires. But while finding insufficient proof upon the charge of incendiarism, the Committee were of the opinion that from the antecedents, associations and general bad character of the persons aforesaid, they were injurious to the safety and welfare of the community, and they were expelled from the town, with the notification that if they ever returned they would incur the severest penalty.

The committee further report that they found the borough of Titusville infested by a numerous gang of vagrants, rowdies, gamblers, pimps, parveyors, and others without visible means of support, and that there are about fifteen houses of ill fame, for a which it is believed these disreputable characters chiefly derive their support.

Have in view of these facts it was Resolved, That it is the duty of this committee to break up all houses of prostitution by expelling their inmates, and that all other public persons associated with them, or being here without visible means of support, be required to leave the town forthwith."

The following named persons, brought before the Committee, by the police, have been disposed of:

Robert F. C. Hamilton, from Westfield, N. Y., occupation, nothing, to leave within forty eight hours.

Thomas Shields, from Buffalo occupation, runner, to leave within forty eight hours.

Robert Vance, alias "Stonehouse Jack," from Buffalo, occupation, gambler and pimp, left at 1 40 Tuesday afternoon.

George Robinson, from Buffalo, occupation, gambler and saloon keeper, left at 1 40 Tuesday afternoon.

Henry Vandenburg, from Buffalo, occupation, vagrant and pimp, left at 1 40 Tuesday afternoon.

William P. Ogden, alias "Pates," from Buffalo, bar tender and bounty jumper, left at 1 40 Tuesday afternoon.

James Burnett, from Utica, occupation, team ster, discharged.

Charles McKinney, alias Gleason, from Dunkirk, occupation, sweat board gambler, left at 1 40 Tuesday afternoon.

James McInnney, from Buffalo, occupation, vagrant and pimp; left at 1 40 Tuesday afternoon.

John Coffey, from Buffalo, occupation, bar tender, at Pithole, discharged being vouched for.

James Burns, from Buffalo, occupation, keeper of house of ill fame, left at 1 40 Tuesday afternoon.

George Munger, from Rochester, occupation, keeper of house of ill fame, to leave Friday noon.

Thomas Dillon, from Albany, occupation, keeper of house of ill fame, to leave Friday noon.

William Kipple, from Jamestown, occupation, keeper of house of ill fame, not disposed of.

William Crossett, from Rochester, occupation, keeper of house of ill fame, not disposed of.

And the committee further report, that a large proportion of the prostitutes have been notified to leave the place and will depart on Wednesday.

The committee will continue their investigations and action thereon until the results expected by the citizens shall have been effected.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Signed) COMMITTEE OF SAFETY.

Titusville, Jan 22, 1866.

Our Reporter Finds an Item.

The shades of night were falling fast,
As through the quiet streets there passed
A youth, whose face might well suffice
To photograph the strange device
An Item.

His brow was sad, his eye beaming
Flashed with a wild, alarming glow.
And from his anxious heart there sprung
A wish, that trembled on his tongue,
An Item!

In dreams he saw murder rife,
Assault and force, loud wife strife,
But waking, found these specters flown,
And from his lips escaped the groan,
An Item!

"Is not this place," Chief Withrop said,
"But few low prisoners have been led,
To bars and jagged walls inside,
And but a station house replied,
An Item.

"Stop, stop! cry out!" said Justice B
"There are no culprits here to see,
No pimp or robber venture nigh
But still he answered with a sigh
An Item.

"Spring street at my door—Diamond too
And today Franklin all so
Fills the patrolman's street and I highly"
As the sigh fell—How can I write
An Item!

At 12 o'clock, I was sent a bound
Upon an iron door the frozen ground
When out up in the starlit Zair,
A voice rang forth with trumpet a blare,
An Item!

Across the road he went it blind,
The all of a search to find,
Something to give the public news,
And I will, the various few—
An Item!

There, over the rains cold and gray
Gleaming, all heart the moon it ably,
Was a naught which high and strong,
[illegible]

No victims yet had heard the rope
Nor will their hearts see hope,
But from the scene, sore to end and
The word [illegible] was
An Item!

THE HUTCHINSONS have come from the mountains of the old "Granite State," with their pat riotic songs, their humorous songs and their songs of friendship fraternity and peace.

True to the Union and to Liberty as the Green Mountain boys have ever been possessed of that sterling, New England character which imparts *back bone* upon all questions or principles of Right, rendering them as firm thereon as the granite production of their native hills, but with a delicate refinement of taste, a keen appreciation of humor, a rare power in rendering the pathetic, and with souls full of harmony, their visits are calculated to "ladden the good and to refine the erring wherever they may go. We welcome them among us, and bespeak for them a full attendance of those who love good music, and there are many such in Titusville.

They sing at Corinthian Hall this evening, and to morrow evening. See their advertisement in another column, and read the following commendations from the press.

The correspondent of the Philadelphia *Christian Observer* speaking of the family's first appearance in New York city, before the Temperance Union, in its third anniversary, says:

"When the song I never will sell such a product, was sung, Mr. Marsh, Rev. Wm. Patton, Dr. Lyman Beecher, and others stood, some of them, with their arms round each other, perfectly unconvinced for the time. Their pieces are many of them national, others temperance, some national some sentimental, hardly any without some point or moral.

In 1844 Harriet Martineau writes of them concerts in England:

"One might as well attempt to convert in words the colors of the sky, or the strain of the Nightingale as such utterances of the heart as these. There was not a dry eye in the room, and now many more."

At Antwerp, and in over such specimens of free children, and she will fulfill all our hopes, and our earliest conceptions of her. They are worthy of the country of Washington, Franklin and Channing.' *Mary Howitt.*

No performance could have been more successful.—*London Times*, 1846.

In 1847, the family were expelled from Music Fund Hall, Philadelphia, for singing their songs of freedom, and admitting colored people to their concerts.

In 1848, the young Hutchinsons were introduced to the public.

Rev. Sydney Dean says: "The whole affair was a charming thing, high toned, moral, Christian, and patriotic."

The Hutchinsons have the irresistible tendency in their songs to sift up *patriotism*, love of *freedom, sympathy*, and *harmony*.—*Zion's Herald, Boston.*

The following, is a copy of the letter of invitation from members of the Missouri Legislature to the Hutchinson Family.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Dec 27, 1864

To the Hutchinson Family of the Hutchinson Family

DEAR SIR—Missouri by the fortunes of war and the recent vote of her people, has become virtually a *Free State*. The last traces of slavery, we hope, will be wiped out during the present session. Like the Israelites of old, who sang songs of praise after they had crossed the sea, we desire to break forth into anthems of Freedom. Please come up with your Family, and lead the choir. We will give you a hearty welcome.

Very truly, your obedient servants,

I. H. B. JAMESON, Speaker of House,
And more than sixty members.

Of the many patriotic songs which the war has called out, "The Triple Hued Banner" excels them all. The little boy, Barnett, is a prodigy, and at a wielding down the house.—*Lawrence Journal.*

MIDDLETON'S Paintings of Washington, Martha Washington Clay, Douglas, Jackson, Lincoln, and Grant were shown to us yesterday by the Agent, Capt. W. J. Morgan, and we are happy to say that they fully come up to what they were represented to be by our exchanges, where we have frequently seen eulogiums and commendations of them. They are certainly the finest and most durable parlor ornament extant. The portrait of Washington has been critically compared by Edward Everett, T. Buchanan Read and others with Stuart's original painting, and the result was creditable to this modern American production. The agent is in town, stopping at the Pendleton Hotel, and he will call on our citizens to exhibit these portraits, so that those desiring it can have an opportunity to subscribe for them. They are really worthy productions of art, and we doubt not that the Captain will obtain many subscriptions among our lovers of the beautiful.

CHERRY RUN.—A new well was struck on the George Rickett Farm, Cherry Run, three and a half miles above Plumer. It is doing finely. A and J. Humphreys merchants at Plumer and Enterprise, have refused $3,000 for a sixteenth working interest in this well. We are glad to chronicle so good a strike on Cherry Run, and so far up the valley. Plumer exhibits many signs of improvement. A steady growth is apparent in this stirring place.

ARCHER, SUMERS & MORRIS, is the name of the new firm at Tarr Farm, which succeeded the well known firm of Archer & Clark. Mr. Archer has charge of the business, Mr. Sumers of the Machine work, and Mr. Norris of the Blacksmith Shop. The trio make a strong team, and give a careful supervision of every department of their operations. Customers can depend upon always getting a good job and being served with prompt attention. See advertisement.

THEY have in Chicago, during exhibitions of skating, a young lady from Concord, N. H., Miss Carrie Moore. She has engagements at one of the theatres, using parlor skates, and at one of the parks, using real Boston ice skates. She is an immense attraction at both places. She pirouettes, waltzes, polkas and executes *tours de force* with equal agility and grace. She is the pioneer (or pioneeress) of a new feminine profession.

H. L. HERSHBERG & Co., who were burned out at the fire a few weeks since, have reopened in the spacious store two doors west of Corinthian Hall, where they have large and well selected stock of goods which they are ready and willing to show to whoever may favor them with a call. More obliging, gentlemanly merchants than this firm, can hardly be found, out of Titusville. Messrs. H. & Co. give a full advertisement of their goods in another column, and we commend the true way to advertise, in more specific and fewer words.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE AND REVIEW.—This "Miscellany of Useful Knowledge" comes to us with its motto "Utility, Profit and Progress" fully verified in its January number. The varied scope of its topics upon arts, mining, transportation, manufactures, commerce, &c., render this magazine an invaluable assistant in the man of business, a chief but companion to the man of science and a work of interest to the general reader.

Go to H. L. Hershberg & Co's, opp. the Merchant's Exchange, for your Liquors.

Go to H. L. Hershberg & Co. for your groceries.

Buy your Photograph Albums at the Post Office.

DIARIES of every description, quality and quantity at the Post Office.

LARGE assortment of Gold Pens all sizes at the Post Office.

PAINTS and Varnish of all kinds for finish, at the Post Office.

TOOTH Brushes, Combs, fine and coarse, at the Post Office.

POCKET Knives at the Post Office.

HAT, cap, coat, chap cloth, &c., at Curtiss & Co's Monroe Street, near depot.

PATENT Hinge Back Photographic Albums for sale by Olmsted & Jewhurst.

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 23.

The stock market opened Saturday at the early board steady in prices. Between boards a renewed confidence with specialists in Erie and Hudson. The tone became firm, and the closing was very strong. Erie opened at 68¾, and sold up to 69¾ at the call, with a fair business. Hudson River opened at 84 and sold up to 85¼ at the call. Reading opened at 94¾ and sold up to 95¼ at the call. Cumberland opened at 35 and sold up to 35¼ at the call. Canton opened at 54¾ and sold up to 55¼ at the call. Pacific Mail opened at 250 and sold up to 251 at the call. Western Union opened at 125¼ and sold up to 126 at the call. Ohio and Mississippi opened at 25¾ and sold up to 26 at the call. Cumberland Coal opened at 35 and sold up to 35¼ at the call. Quicksilver opened at 49¾ and sold up to 50 at the call. Pacific Mail opened at 250 and sold up to 251 at the call. Western Union opened at 125¼ and sold up to 126 at the call. Ohio and Mississippi opened at 25¾ and sold up to 26 at the call. Cumberland Coal opened at 35 and sold up to 35¼ at the call. Canton opened at 54¾ and sold up to 55

Titusville Morning Herald.

Art Gallery in Buffalo.

At the opening of the Art Gallery in Buffalo, on Monday last, the following poem was read

AURORA

BY REV. R. A. FOREST.

The old discrowned city, girt by Tiber's sluggish flood—
Sat with sparkle of the ages, scarred with fire and dark with blood—

Over the daily fret of labor presses down Imperial grandeur,
The nations, steeped in wonder, grope among the ashen wavers.

Lo and, shrouded city, smiles a vision of the morn, Lust with celestial beauty, of immortal genius born,

Lo above the dusky valleys floats the rosy queen of day,
Flinging coarsest dirty garlands, as she spreads her airy way.

Lo behind, the steeds of Eros backward turn the precious' flight
Hours in gleeful chorus, dance upon the verge of night.

Lo below the drowsy cities wake to toil or wake to pain
The early steps of peasants faldward urge the lime burning wain.

Lo upon the whitening waters, workmen by the busy shore,
Ply their busy freshness, on the tint of labor o'er

Lo, upon the purple mountains, lightens downcast world and moil,
Lo, to upturned gaze, a goddess glorifies this world of toil

Lo, unscaled by inspiration, still behold the laughing hours,
Lo catch the rosy footprints, evermore the drooping flowers.

Lo apes of beauty haunt the woodlands where the foot of Art hath trod,
Lo, by the secret fountains, spring from the carven sylled sod

Lo, over by the common pathway, whisper in the elm tree air,
Lo the lips of the Celestials touch the wrinkled brow of Care

Lo memorials, must the Orient ever stay your charmed feet?
Lo Joseph and Goddess, Faun and Druid hither seek an new retreat!

Lo! The broad blue arch, uplifting over lo's starlit sea,
Lo on lonely, virgin valleys, beautiful as Thessaly

Lo nature in unconscious idleness, waits her hour of waking bliss,
Lo, touched beneath the star of evening Psyche of the wilderness

Lo, old and wood, and broad sun mash, selenia hills and mountain streams,
Lo, your voices, lapt in sleep without the dreams

Lo the steadfast gaze of Hermes's no radiance in the skies—
Lo! And on our fair Hesperia bid Art's lingering morn arise!

Lo, the dawning! See! Aurora hovers in her restless flight
Lo, blushing with the kiss of Old, on cheeks with the tints of night

Lo, fully veiled in clouds of silver, gives her fiery coursers rein
Lo, wending through the starry shadows, smiles upon the waking plain

Lo here, behold, our fair young city, bears her boon of the day—
Lo, crowded marts and teeming storehouse clatter by the busy way

Lo, the click of axe and clang of hammer, groan of forge and whirr of wheel,
Lo, pattering hoofs and hurrying footsteps through the softening distance steal

Lo, fleet winged messengers of traffic, dance upon our silvered main,
Lo, freights of autumn moor at anchor—argosies of amber grain

Lo, trailing down our slow Pactolus, shallops sweep and dance glide,
Lo, while, beyond, the mighty current lies long pours its manifold tide.

Lo, afar, the dying echoes, born of steel and manifold tread,
Lo, land with wailings from the sphere that crowns upon a nation's dead

Lo, fair daughter of the Dawning! Herald of the gorgeous day!
Lo, crowning with thy fragrant garlands earthly toil and the sad fray,

Lo, wafting on the breezy pinions scents from Cajeri's outer gate,
Lo, sweep airs from Alpine hillows sights from Scotland's slumber-dark vale,

Lo, showering time of old and ocean caught from Pithon's saffron pall,
Lo, leading Dorcas forest warriors captive to thy gracious thrall

Lo, from India's pearly caverns hary glows from Persian skies,
Lo, from moonbeams, gleams of waters skimmer in thy mantle's dyes.

Lo, all above our dusty pathways, linger with thy joyful train!
Lo, to our souls and souls as stable, hence with the tones of pain!

Quieting nerves and sleeps as stable, hence with the tones of pain!
Lo, soothing fierce unrest,

Filling with immortal visions all the chambers of the West.

Linger—while we throng thy temple—at thy feet our garlands lay—
Kiss thy robe, O fair Aurora, Dawn of Art's eternal day!

All Serts.

—Johnson says he was one of a fishing party near Newport, and every time a bank was pulled in, a lawyer, who was in the boat, was thrown into convulsions. Whether this was from sympathy or not, Johnson can't say.

—The Huntsville *Advocate* sharply reproaches the Alabama Legislature for its foolish negro code, and pertinently asks "Can't our Legislature learn without being pricked by the bayonet into getting every lesson? The negro is free, the Amnesty oath said so. The Convention established it, the Legislature constitutionally ratified it, and now why does the *Legislature deny it* by such legislation?"

—A wide awake minister, who found his congregation going to sleep one Sunday before he had fairly commenced, suddenly stopped and exclaimed "Brethren, this isn't fair, it isn't giving a man half a chance. Wait till I get along a piece, and then if I ain't worth listening to, go to sleep, but don't before I get commenced. Give a man something like a fair chance and that is all I ask of you."

—The wonder of the day at Cincinnati is the discovery of an alligator in the Licking river, opposite the city. He was discovered by some boys while skating under the ice. Unlucky the water in that latitude had proved too cold for him, and he was frozen stiff. On being dug out he was found to be six and a half feet long, with a jaw eleven inches long. He is supposed to be one of two that some soldiers brought up from New Orleans eight months ago, and which escaped from them.

—A coroner's jury in Oneida county, N. Y., recently rendered a verdict that a certain deceased man "came to his death by excessive drinking producing apoplexy in the minds of the jury."

—A young lady having "cut her cap for a rather large specimen of the opposite sex, and having failed to win, was telling her sorrows to a couple of her confidants, when one of them comforted her with these words: "Never mind, Mollie, there's as good fish in the sea as ever yet were caught." "Mollie knows that," replied the other, "but she wants a whale."

KARSON'S OIL CREEK LINE,

Are now prepared to

TRANSPORT GENERAL MERCHANDISE

FROM NEW YORK CITY AND PITTSBURGH

To any point on the Oil Creek Railroad. Also to transport Oil to New York

HIGHEST RECEIPTS GIVEN FOR THE PROMPT DELIVERY OF OIL

Receiving Depot, Foot of Chambers Street, New York

For specification and rates apply to

A. N. H. SCHERERD, Agent

Opposite Passenger Depot, Titusville

N. B.—I also have large capacity for freight independent of that received by the above line. ly.dec7

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims for or against the late John J. Vandeventer, deceased, of Titusville are requested to present them for settlement to

H. H. WALKER,

Oil office from Titusville, on the Spring road.

jan19w2

REMOVAL.

The office of the agent of the Titusville Water Well Co., is removed to White's New Block, corner Franklin and Main streets.

nov21tf STEPHEN WAITE, Agent

2,000 BUSHELS POTATOES

for sale at D. C. Gish's New HEADQUARTERS, corner Spring and Market streets. dec18

J. E. LOREE, Dealer in

CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS,

Gents' Furnishing Goods and Trunks, Spring street, Titusville, Pa. 1y1

HOTELS.

POMEROY HOUSE

Junction Diamond and Pine Streets, Titusville, Pa

J. J. MCGRAY, Proprietor

General stage office for all points in the Oil Regions is at this house. Good stabling attached. jan17

ALLEN HOUSE,

JAMESTOWN, N. Y.

WARNER & CLINKY, Proprietors

PERSONS HOUSE

MILLER FARM, PA

This house has been newly opened and furnished and is now ready for the reception of the travelling public. It is but five minutes distance from the R. R. Depot with good stabling all the way. Every effort will be made to render the guests as comfortable as possible. Stages for all points of the Oil Regions make their head quarters at this House.

C. PERSONS & SON, Props.

jan6tfm

PERSONS' HOUSE!

Probably like has arisen from its ashes! I have again my hotel again and am prepared to take care of my friends again in as good style as any hotel in the Oil Regions. Only five doors south of my hotel that was burnt down—adjoining the Post Office.

Titusville, Jan. 4, 1866. tf O. P. PERSONS

ATLANTIC HOUSE

SPRING STREET, TITUSVILLE, PA

This house is but five minutes walk from the R. R. depot, with good stabling all the way. Every effort will be made to have the guests realize the comforts of a New England Home. Board $10 to $15 per week. Table board $7 per week.

Jan. 1, 1866. HENRY KELLOGG, Prop'r

MORGH HOUSE,

Lake Farm, Plumer Road, 1½ miles from Pithole City

CHAS. MURGH, (late of Morgh Farm Hotel) Proprietor

New, commodious, well furnished. Supplied with game from native fields, spring water. Health full location, pleasant surroundings and a very desirable residence for the families of gentlemen transacting business in Pithole City. dec9tf

DUNCAN HOUSE,

PITHOLE CITY,

Venango county, Pa

dc2tdtf WM. S. HIBBS, Proprietor

AMERICAN HOTEL

MAIN STREET,

Opposite the U. & G. W. R. R. Depot, Corry, Pa.

V. J. MCGRAY, Proprietor

dec4tf

THE KEYSTONE RESTAURANT

Spring street near Post Office

GEORGE & STADAHL, Proprietors

Oysters served in European style. Private parties accommodated. Ladies Rooms on second floor

nov.3tf

MORTON HOUSE

Opposite the Lake Shore Depot Erie, Pa.

Refitted and Refurnished. Stage House and Hack dec.tf A. W. VAN LANDUYL.

RAIL ROAD HOTEL

JOHN MEHENO, Proprietor

This house is located on Franklin street adjoining the R. R. and is with the most Fashionable and Improved accommodations for seventy five guests

Board by the day or week. ly.tf

TITUSVILLE HOUSE

Pine Street, Titusville, Pa

ANDREW J. SINK, Proprietor

This house has just been newly furnished and repaired throughout and is now open for the reception of the travelling public. Good stabling and yards attached to the house. Ample room for 100 horses. Board from $8 to $12 per week. Single or daily boarders. Stable to rent by the week or month. Landing of all freight and baggage part of the Oil Regions. A. J. SINK. 1-2tf

PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE

MARBLE & CO. Proprietors

Corner Franklin and Pine streets, Titusville, Pa.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

LITTLE CITY, PA

This house is at the north end of the city and the first hotel as you enter the city from Titusville. It is being repaired and additions made, which will make it equal to any roadside or living hotel in the city.

dec9 tf ROBINSON & MASSIE, Proprs.

ASTOR HOUSE,

FIRST STREET, NEAR BOLDERS,

PITHOLE CITY, PA

MATTENBRICK & CLEMMO, Proprietors

nov30 1tm

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,

HOLDEN St. corner Fifth Ave. Titusville, Pa.

H. W. MARTIN, Propr.

MCGRAY HOUSE,

Corner Spring and Washington Sts. Titusville, Pa.

N. R. BATES, Proprietor

Extra Hostler Supt. jy14

TYRRELL HOUSE

JN. TYRRELL, Proprietor

PETROLEUM CITY, PA.

Half way to Titusville to Plumer. 1y.tf

AMERICAN HOTEL

TITUSVILLE, PA

ABRAM BROWNSON, Proprietor

aug24tf

UNITED STATES HOTEL

Corner Spring and Martin streets, Titusville, Pa.

BRITTON & CO., Proprietors

Omnibus to and from all trains. aug31tf

MOORE HOUSE

ARCADE, LITTLE CITY, PA

GOODRICH & EVARTS, Proprietors.

Also a Livery in connection. Hotel omnibuses run to and from every train. 1-3tf

BUSH HOUSE

W. RIDDLE, Proprietor

Pleasantville City, Pa. TITUSVILLE, PA

GROCERIES.

HEALEY & CO

Dealers in

Choice Family Groceries, Wines and Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, Fruits, Nuts, Candies, Canned Goods, Oysters, Ale and Lager Beer, Cracker, Cheese, Butter, Lard, Salt Fish and Meats, Salt and Smoked Hams, Shoulders and Bacon, Flour, Meal, Potatoes, Onions, Apples, Cranberries, Cabbages, Turnips, Beets, Parsnips, Pickles, Sauces, Mustard, Pepper, Spices, Starch, Soap, Candles, Matches, Brooms, Buckets, Tubs, Washboards, Clothes Pins, Fish Lines, Hooks, Sinkers, Cigar Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes, Cigar Cases, Tobacco Boxes, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Butter Knives, Sugar Shovels, Nutmegs, Graters, Tea Pots, Sauce Pans, Stove Polish, Blacking, Brushes, Combs, Buttons, Suspenders, Needles, Pins, Thread, Tapes, Yarn, Stockings, Gloves, Mittens, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Hats, Caps